

THE RIO NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, DECEMBER 3rd, 1901.

NUMBER 40



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BRITISH LEGATION.—No. 1, Rua Visconde de Itaboraí (opposite Custom House). Petropolis. SIR HENRY NEVILL DERING, Minister.
AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 99, Rua 1º de Março. EDGARD SEEGER, Consul General.
BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL.—No. 1, Rua Visconde de Itaboraí (opposite Custom House). C. B. RHIND, Acting Consul General.

Church Directory

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Service is held every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. There is a Celebration of the Holy Communion on the first and third Sundays in the month at 11 a.m. and on the second and fourth Sundays at 8 a.m. also on Saints' Days according to announcement. Banns and marriages, at times to be arranged with the Chaplain, for whom communications may be sent to Crashley & Co. 36 Rua do Ouvidor.

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M. DICKIE, Pastor.

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ALVARO E. DOS REIS, Pastor.

Residence: On the Church premises.
BAPTIST CHURCH.—No. 25, Rua de Sant' Anna. Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and every Thursday at 7 p.m.

F. F. SOREN, Pastor.

Caixa 352

PETROPOLIS METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Avenida Marechal Deodoro, No. 6. *English service* at 4 p.m. Sundays. *Portuguese service* at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Wednesdays. Sunday school at 10 a.m.

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor

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affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign
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POSTOFFICE ADDRESS—Caixa 248.

RIO DE JANEIRO, DECEMBER 3rd, 1901.

When the editor of THE RIO NEWS
left for the United States, he informed
the public through this journal that he
could not insure the publication of the
paper on established lines during his
absence, but that efforts would be made
by his office employees and some of his
friends to publish the customary com-
mercial information and such local
news as circumstances would permit.

To a certain extent those efforts were
successful; but the illness of the edi-
tor's attorney and some other con-
temporaries caused an interruption in the
publication of the paper.

The publication is now resumed and
will, we trust, hereafter continue
without interruption. Under these
circumstances we renew the editor's re-
quest to his old friends for indulgence
and support.

The failure of the experiments of Dr. Caldas
at Ilhava are not at all surprising. He was
given opportunity to use the serum which he
has discovered, on non-immune patients who
were afterwards subjected to the bites of
mosquitoes infected with yellow fever. All
the cases, four in number, developed yellow
fever and resulted fatally, and then the med-
ical board in charge of these experiments
declined to have anything further to do with
the Caldas serum. And with very good
reason. Dr. Caldas made a mystery of his
discovery, just as Dr. Domingos Freire
claimed to have discovered, or to permit other
medical men to study his serum. This is
what we might expect a patent medicine man

manufacturer to do, but a scientific investigator claiming to have discovered a remedy against yellow fever could not be expected to act in that way. When Dr. Sternberg came here to investigate Dr. Freire's immunizing fluid, the latter made exactly the same mistake and refused to give his visitor any of the vaccine (if we may use that term) for examination. Had Dr. Caldas taken the American and Cuban physicians into his confidence, his failure would have presented a very different aspect than it now does.

THE WAR IN MATTO GROSSO.

The news received from Matto Grosso is meagre and untrustworthy, and we are consequently unable to give our readers much information in regard to the progress of the war. There seems to be no doubt that there have been several engagements, in one of which Col. Mascarenhas, a revolutionary leader, appears to have been killed; but the facts made public do not enable us to decide whether those engagements were important or not.

It is asserted that troops of the State government have seized a number of non-combatants that had taken refuge on the Conceição plantation and have murdered some of them. In the senate on the 20th ult. Senator Antonio Azeredo offered a motion to ask the government for information on the subject. This motion was supported by Senator Arthur Rios, who declared that this is a question in which the honor of the government and of the country is at stake. The senate voted the motion; but President Campos Salles has answered that he is unable to furnish the information required by the senate. The president's answer has been severely criticized in the senate and in the press.

On the same day Senator Antonio Azeredo applied to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus in favor of the supposed victims, and the court ordered them to be presented at its sitting on the 21st inst.

For reasons that have not been made public Capt. Francisco José Vieira has been relieved of the command of the Matto Grosso militia. On 21st ult. 30 mercenaries engaged by the State government left Montevideo for Matto Grosso. The State legislature has passed a law sanctioning the increase in the military force of the State and authorizing a still further increase. It has also authorized the loans contracted by the State government and authorized additional loans to the amount of 3,000,000.

After passing through many dangers, hard ships and privations Senator Generoso Ponce's wife and children have at last succeeded in reaching Assunção, where they were met by the senator.

At Rivera a man who claimed to be recruiting for account and order of Minister Murtinho has been threatened with arrest by the Uruguayan authorities and forced to leave the country. He is said to have crossed the boundary and taken refuge in Rio Grande do Sul.

At Córdoba Dr. Barros Cassal, Engineer Celso Passini and Narciso Barcellos have been arrested by order of the State government. Engineer Celso Passini is son-in-law to Senator Generoso Ponce. He is one of the persons in whose favor the supreme court, on application of Senator Antonio Azeredo, issued the order for presentation on the 21st inst.

It is reported that a body of 300 recruits organized in Uruguay by agents of the State government has been disbanded because there was no money forthcoming for the payment of expenses.

Recent telegrams report several victories for the revolutionists.

CALDAS HELD AS NON IMMUNE

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the World Line steamer *Meritao*, from Havana, was Dr. P. Caldas, the Brazilian, who went to Havana to study yellow fever serum of his own discovery. Dr. Caldas said that he had yellow fever at Rio Janeiro thirty years ago, but was unable to produce any evidence beyond his own word to that effect. He failed to satisfy the sanitary authorities at Havana that he was an immune. Therefore they refused to issue a certificate passing him through quarantine. He, with many other passengers, was sent to Hoffman Island for observation. Dr. Caldas speaks little English, but through an interpreter said that on his release he would embark on the first steamer for Brazil.

Three weeks ago, as told in *The Tribune*, the war department appointed a board of medical officers, headed by Major Harvard, chief surgeon of the department of Cuba, to examine into the proposition of Drs. Caldas and Bellingham, who alleged that they had discovered a cure for yellow fever and a serum designed to prevent the taking of the disease. Dr. Caldas, who was induced by the Brazilian minister at Washington, believed that if infected mosquitoes are allowed to bite non-immunes the latter will become immune. So men were set apart for the experiments. Dr. Caldas, and in both cases the mosquito proved fatal. Notwithstanding these facts, Major Harvard, because persons voluntarily underwent the operation, and because the importance of the matter, permitted Dr. Caldas to inoculate another non-immune with the serum. Miss Clara Mass, of New Jersey, a daughter of Las Animas, was the patient. She on the seventh day after she was taken on August 28th a fourth non-immune developed a genuine case of yellow fever. The

following day the commission definitely severed its relations with the Brazilian expert. At that time Dr. Caldas announced that he would return at once to Brazil, but later decided to visit this country first. His stay here will be a brief one. — *New York Tribune*, Sept. 4th.

REPORT ON CALDAS'S SERUM

Havana, Sept. 6.—Acting Governor-General Scott has received the report of the yellow fever board presided over by Major Harvard, chief surgeon in Cuba, which was appointed as a special commission to investigate the Caldas serum. The conclusions are:

First.—That Dr. Caldas has kept his alleged discovery from the study of other scientists.

Second.—That the claim made by Dr. Caldas that the pathogenic agent of yellow fever is found only in the intestinal tract is in direct opposition to the evidence furnished by the mosquito inoculations and direct blood inoculations made by the board presided over by Surgeon-Major Reed.

Third.—That the attempt made by Dr. Caldas to immunize an individual against yellow fever by means of the vaccine prepared by him has failed.

• The commission, therefore, recommends that further experiments with the vaccine serum of Dr. Caldas be discontinued.

Dr. Caldas said that the man who was inoculated by him with the serum and was subsequently bitten by a mosquito did not have yellow fever, but suffered from putrid fever, caused by the bite of the mosquito, but not by the serum. Other physicians who saw the case, in addition to the members of the commission, all agreed that the patient had yellow fever. — *New York Tribune*, September 7th.

INTERVENTION IN SOUTH AMERICA

Secretary Hay's message to Colombia and Venezuela, reported yesterday in our special dispatches from Washington, should serve a triple purpose. It should, and probably will, prevent those two countries from drifting into a careless and ruinous war. It should serve as an effective rebuke to those thoughtless or malicious mischief makers in this country who have been claiming for forcible intervention for this country under the provisions of the Monroe Doctrine. (Query: Why not under the Binomial Theorem?) And it should reassure those in foreign lands who, misled by our domestic mischief makers, have looked to see this country enter upon a career of arbitrary aggression and conquest against its southern neighbors. There is not a hint in the message of anything but impartial friendship toward the two countries and respect for their independent sovereignty and the just maintenance of treaty rights and obligations. There is no branding of the Monroe Doctrine, because the Monroe Doctrine is not at all involved in the case. There is proper expression of hope that no breach of respect will occur. There is also a proper expression of readiness to offer the friendly aid of this country for the settlement of disputes, provided both disputants desire it. And there is an equally proper expression of determination to maintain treaty stipulations.

The availing to Venezuela, which is believed to have had some restraining influence upon that country, is contained in the last named expression. It is based not upon the Monroe Doctrine, which is not pertinent to the case, but upon the treaty of 1846 with New-Granada which is now operative upon Colombia. That treaty (Article 35, Section 1) declares that "the United States guarantee positively and efficaciously to New-Granada the perfect neutrality of the before mentioned isthmus (Panama) . . . and the United States also guarantee to the same manner, the rights of sovereignty and property which New-Granada has and possesses over the said territory." For New-Granada, read Colombia, and we have the text which forms the basis of Secretary Hay's timely and judicious warning to Venezuela. That guarantee of perfect neutrality is not a guarantee against change of government in Colombia by democratic revolution, for the treaty is binding upon that country as a whole, and not upon some one particular government of it. Were the present government overthrown and a new one established by revolutionists, the treaty would not lapse, but would continue in full validity upon the new government. But it is a guarantee that the Colombian nation, under whatever government, shall have undisturbed possession of the Isthmus of Panama, and as such it is an unmistakable warning to Venezuela, and to every other country in the world, not to take any action against Colombia which would menace her possession and control of that territory. It is evident that a foreign invasion of Colombia for the purpose of subverting her independence and forcing her into annexation to or federal union with another State would involve such a menace, and accordingly it is well to recall the provisions of that treaty and to let it be known that the United States mean to maintain them.

Such is the intervention which has been effected in South America, and which bids fair to assure the preservation of peace. It is an excellent illustration of the proper attitude and conduct of this country toward its southern neighbors, and it should serve to make stronger and to draw closer the bonds of friendship between it and them. An arbitrary command to keep the peace, or a pretence that the Monroe Doctrine was a charter for illimitable meddling, would have aroused sus-

picious and antagonisms, and would have done incalculable harm. An expression of impartial and disinterested friendship and an kept and renewed will be maintained must result in good to all concerned. — *New York Tribune*, September 5th.

NEWS AND NOTES

— It is thought that the Ceará coffee crop for 1902-1903 will be comparatively large.

— The committee representing commission merchants estimates the Rio coffee crop for 1902-1903 at 2,250,000 bags.

— By order of Judge Gama e Souza the Sorocabana railway will go to auction on the 27th inst. for the payment of creditors.

— Debts to the amount of 384,402\$525, belonging to the assets of the Companhia Industrial Sul do Brazil, have been sold at auction for 51\$8.

— Manuel Antonio Gomes Himalaya has obtained from the Brazilian government a patent for a machine for the industrial utilisation of the heat of the sun.

— The *Correio da Manhã* has recently made damaging disclosures of abuses committed in the management of the affairs of the Lloyd Brasileiro navigation company.

— The following dividends have been declared:—London and River Plate Bank, 20%; London and Brazilian Bank, 14%; Brazilian Bank für Deutschland, 8%.

— The State government of Minas Geraes is reported to have annulled the charter of the Oeste de Minas railway and also its guarantee of interest and other official favors.

— Why has not the reciprocity agreement between Brazil and Chili in 1897 been adopted as the basis of a reciprocity agreement between the United States and Brazil?

— On the 20th ult. a fire, supposed to be the work of an incendiary, caused damage estimated at 40,000\$ to a building and its contents belonging to the Central Railway.

— At the office of the *Jornal do Brazil* a subscription has been opened for masses to be said for the souls of the citizens said to have been murdered by Matto Grosso State troops.

— In consequence of the prevailing commercial and financial depression there are in Brazil at the present time, it is stated, several thousand mercantile clerks that are unable to obtain employment.

— It is stated that for three days before the arrival of Gen. Quintino at Campos there were no new cases of the so-called bilious plague. Did the infectious microbe flee in terror before the triumphant march of the redoubtable general?

— Unless the opposition voters, as is, unfortunately, nearly always the case in Brazil, refrain from going to the polls, there will probably be serious disturbances at the municipal elections to be held on the 16th inst. in the State of S. Paulo.

— On the 15th ult. the vice-president of the military club called at Fribourgo Palace and congratulated President Campos Salles on the overthrow of the monarchy in 1889. And now the Campos Salles' sons eternal gratitude (reconhecimento eterno) to the military club.

— Some days ago there was a meeting of business men in this city for the purpose of protesting against inter-State taxes. We think that the world has well to give a wider scope to their protest and exert themselves to obtain relief from other taxation no less oppressive.

— The *Correio da Manhã* severely criticizes Murtinho's scheme for an issue of 20,000,000\$ in gold notes of the Banco da Republica. This measure, says the *Correio*, like nearly all the measures of the Brazilian government at the present time, is intended to promote jobbery and corruption.

— The government is calling for tenders for furnishing in the first half of next year 50,000 tons of coal to the Central Railway. The terms are very unfavorable to American operators, who are not permitted to furnish more than 10,000 tons and who must present a sample of two tons before the 16th inst.

— A convention of Rio Grande federalists met at Bagé on the 20th ult. and elected an executive committee. It was resolved to solicit the cooperation of the S. Paulo federalists in promoting the holding of a national convention in Rio de Janeiro for the purpose of organizing a revisionist party.

— The decree for granting military medals is regarded by many persons as unconstitutional. In order to obtain the opinion of the senate on the subject Senator Antonio Azeredo converted the decree into a bill and introduced it in that house of congress, which, by a vote of 45 to 1, promptly rejected it. It is probably that those medals will never be coined.

— The senate seems to have grown tired of being deprived of the exercise of its right to discuss and amend the budget. And as it is only now that it is permitted to begin discussing it, it is probable that the work will not be completed before the end of the year. If at the beginning of next year no budget shall have been voted, will the government attempt to collect taxes illegally? And, if it does, will the people pay them?

— The sale of oranges is prohibited at Pelotas. Why?

— At Curitiba in the month of September there were 105 births and 39 deaths.

— The monarchist contributors of the *Correio da Manhã* have quit writing for that journal.

— It is proposed in Rio Grande do Sul to impose a State tax of 5 reis per kilo on foreign flour.

— At the Paraná government savings bank (caixa economica) the deposits amounted in October to 49,065\$000 and the withdrawals to 51,511\$700.

— The public revenue of the State of Parahyba amounted in the first half of the present year to 186\$813\$95 against 340\$792\$475 in the first half of last year.

— On the 18th ult. President Campos Salles signed decrees making appropriations to the amount of 2,300,000\$ for compensating two companies whose contracts with the government have been annulled.

— The liabilities of the Guanelli flour mill (Moinho Fluminense) amount to 3,950\$57\$148. Among the creditors are the Banco da Republica, London and Brazilian Bank, Brazilianische Bank für Deutschland, British Bank of South America, Banco Rural e Hypothecario, Banco de Depositos e Descontos, Banque Francaise du Brésil, Banco Nacional Brasileiro, Empresa Industrial Brasileira and Duviols & Co.

— And now they say that the disease that has been misquoting at Campos under the name of bilious plague is our old enemy typhoid fever. On the unprofessional mind the present mimic for giving new names to old diseases is bewildering, but this in itself is not disagreeable to the public, which delights in novelty. If the official plague doctors were not so strident in their methods, the bilious plague would doubtless become fashionable.

— Are any business men in Brazil prospering at the present time? This question is asked by the board of directors of the Companhia Commercial de Lenda e Materiaes. The directors answers its question by saying that, if there are any, they are very few indeed. The business of the company during the year ended on the 30th of last June was operated at a loss, the excess of expenditure over revenue being 14,227\$148.

— It seems to be now a current dogma in official circles that the chief of police that has my respect for himself can fail to discover a plot against the government or invent one. It generally occurs, however, that the discovery or invention is not a success, and this is certainly the case with the recent offering of the perspicacity or ingenuity of Chief Menelik, as his friends, admirers and flatterers (amigos and engasadores) delight in calling him. The affair has caused scarcely a ripple of excitement.

— Several army officers, evidently at official invitation, have thanked President Campos Salles for the military medals decree, and in the semi-official press it was ostentatiously announced that the chief of staff of the navy would call on the president for the purpose of expressing the gratitude of the navy. But, it is said, some one wiser than Vandenberg gave him the advice that *Punch* gave to young men about to marry. Consequently no sign of the navy's gratitude have been discovered at Fribourgo Palace.

— Curtailing profits, checking enterprise and absorbing capital, exorbitant taxation necessarily destroys the prosperity of a country. And, when a country fails to prosper, there is, of course, a shrinkage in sources of revenue. Consequently the burden of taxes collected by the general government are ruining the finances of the State governments, some of which are not able to pay their employees punctually. Under these circumstances it is not surprising that the State government of Espírito Santo should recently have had much difficulty in obtaining money for paying the October coupon of the loan which it contracted in 1899.

— There have been many protests against the surtax of 10% voted by the chamber of deputies on imported flour not picked in wool. Deputy Serzedello says that this tax is a concession made to the United States government in consideration of its refraining from taxing Brazilian coffee. It does not, however, seem possible that that government should demand a concession imposing an additional burden on the already overtaxed people of Brazil, and it is asserted that the U. S. legation at Rio de Janeiro has, in obedience to instructions from Washington, filed a protest against Serzedello's statement. The senate will probably reject the tax.

— As we had predicted, there have been many strikes and disturbances of public order during the year that is now drawing to a close. Recently there have been a strike on the Estrada de Ferro Central in Pernambuco and two unsuccessful attempts to strike on the Carls Ribbons tramway at Rio de Janeiro. In this city at the Confing Industrial spinning and weaving factory there have been two strikes, one of which still continues. This strike was accompanied by disturbances, in which several persons were wounded. It is reported that operatives at several other factories are contemplating strikes. Of some of the previous strikes and disturbances we have given an account in various issues of this journal. Next year we shall probably have to chronicle a still greater number.

DEATH

On September 25th at 13, Great Bedford St. Bath, Clara, wife of Arthur E. Jones, formerly of S. Paulo, aged 54.

BIRTH

KEALMAN.—On September 25th at Denmark Hill, London, the wife of Alex. Kealman of a daughter.

COFFEE NOTES

—In the vicinity of Franca, S. Paulo, a hail storm has destroyed the coffee blossoms.

—It is reported that in the district of Atibaia, S. Paulo, the coffee trees have been injured by drought.

—There has been much complaint against the Sorocabana railway for failing to furnish conveyance for coffee.

—The Hills Brothers Co. has established a coffee roasting plant in connection with its green coffee department.

—The *American Grocer* says that no return to high cost of coffee can be expected unless there is a crop failure of great magnitude.

—In the month of September the trains of the Mogiana railway delivered at Campinas to the Paulista railway 640,508 bags of coffee.

—In the four months from July to October, inclusive, the State of Espírito Santo exported 210,353 bags of coffee weighing 12,651,666 kilos.

—Messrs. Rose & Knowles are said to estimate the present Santos coffee crop at 10,500,000 bags. There have been protests against this estimate.

—A journalist of the State of Minas Geraes, Luiz C. Ferraz, is endeavoring to organize a cooperative association with a capital of 6,000,000 for direct trade in coffee.

—At New York licences have been issued by the Coffee Exchange for ten new warehouses to the New York Dock Co., and twenty-two to the Bush Co. This increases storage capacity for coffee by over 500,000 bags.

—When the first news of the prospective light coffee crop for 1902-1903 reached New York, there appeared to be a growing disposition to take crop damage reports from Brazil cautiously.

—The Santos coffee crop for next year is said to be estimated at from 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 bags by the Associação Commercial de S. Paulo, at the maximum of 4,500,000 bags by the Associação Commercial de Santos and at 6,000,000 bags by Messrs. Naumann Gepp & Co.

—In commenting on the news received in London in regard to the next coffee crop in Brazil the *Daily Mail* says:—Two unsatisfactory flourings have to be reported and, even though the third may be all that is hoped, the prospects can only be changed from somewhat poor to moderate. That is the view among the produce brokers.

—At New Orleans the board of dock commissioners is constructing a wharf to meet the increasing demands of the coffee trade. The wharf will be 900 feet long and will be equipped with a modern steel shed 400 feet long and 60 feet wide. It will be so constructed that the shed may, when necessary, be extended so as to cover the entire wharf space. This is a work that the coffee trade has long demanded and it will remove the last objection to New Orleans as a coffee port. It will cost \$37,500.

—Should future developments, says the *New York Journal of Commerce*, "prove that damage has been done to the growing Santos crop, prices must eventually work higher by a few cents, but it is more than likely that the upward progress to values will be slow and accompanied by many reactions until the markets here and in Europe find some relief from the present weight of excessive supplies. It is of course possible that speculation can enter the market from time to time, based on prospective improved conditions, and force prices rapidly upward, but it will very probably be found that speculation alone cannot hold prices. The weight of available supplies is bound to be felt, and should further unfavorable crop news from Brazil develop an outside speculative demand and advance prices sharply, they will very likely be followed by almost as sharp reactions, although eventually prices must work to a higher basis with any curtailment in the production."

—Predictions have been freely made," says the *New York Commercial*, "that Rio N. 7 would sell as low as 4 cents within a few months. But, notwithstanding... bearish factors, it is evident that a change of sentiment is taking place among shrewd operators. It is seen that professional traders are afraid to remain short of the market and that the strong interest that has supported the market for many months—standing in the breach made by heavy receipts and enormous stocks—is gaining ground and making converts to its ideas. This interest, indeed, is credited with holding 2,000,000 bags of spot coffee—but that is mere rumor and is denied by large dealers. Be that as it may, however, there are many dealers with country and local operators who are convinced that coffee is low at the present price. Signs are multiplying that there is much quiet buying."

—From the district of Redenção, S. Paulo, it is reported that the present coffee crop is smaller than that of last year, but that the quality of the coffee is excellent. The weather has been very favorable for gathering coffee and preparing it for the market.

—The United States government has repealed the special rebate of \$3.40 per 100 kilos allowed on coffee imported from Porto Rico into Cuba. This was found necessary in consequence of the shipment of Brazilian coffee from New York to Porto Rico for the purpose of being reshipped to Cuba, thus evading the payment of the general duty of \$12.15 per 100 kilos. The repeal of the rebate places coffee from Porto Rico on the same footing in Cuba as that imported from other countries.

—The New Orleans *Playboy* says that, when Louisiana rice planters are able to avoid glutting the market, they will secure the desired control of prices. May not the same be said of the Brazilian coffee planters? But how are they to avoid glutting the market? One method is to diminish production, but to adopt this method is to check progress. A much better method, it seems to us, is to accelerate the increase in consumption, making it keep pace with production. And this, we think, cannot be efficaciously accomplished without relieving production and trade of unnecessary burdens. According to the *New York Merchants' Review* the average retail price of coffee in the United States is at present 20 cents per lb. At that price the people were not willing to consume the whole of the 6,116,290 bags imported during the last crop year and the market was consequently glutted. The deliveries amounted to only 5,843,883 bags, so that there were added to the already large stock 272,407 bags, which, no doubt, would have been readily taken by consumers, if there had been a slight reduction in price. Every reduction that can be made in the unnecessary burdens on production and trade will be conducive to the restoration of the equilibrium between supply and demand.

COMMERCIAL.

Rio de Janeiro, December 3rd, 1901.

Par value of the Brazilian milreis (1000).	gold.	27 d.
do of the Brazilian milreis (1000)	in U. S. coin	\$4.86 1/2
1 stig. in London		4 1/2 p.
do 1 stig. in U. S. coin		19 1/2 c.
do 1 stig. in Brazilian gold		8 ran

Bank rate of exchange, official, on London today 11 15/16 d.

Present value of the Brazilian milreis (gold) 25 1/2 p.

Present value of the Brazilian milreis (1000) 42 1/2 p.

Present value of the Brazilian milreis (1000) 42 1/2 p.

Value of \$100 (\$1.00 per \$1 stig. in Brazilian currency (paper) 41 1/2 p.

Value of \$1 sterling 20 1/2 p.

EXCHANGE.

Nov. 25.—Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 11/16-11 25/32

Private bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 21/32-11 21/32

Official value of the milreis 410-412 reis gold.

Nov. 26.—Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 11/16-11 25/32

Private bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 21/32-11 21/32

Official value of the milreis 410-412 reis gold.

Nov. 27.—Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 11/16-11 25/32

Private bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 21/32-11 21/32

Official value of the milreis 410-412 reis gold.

Nov. 28.—Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 11/16-11 25/32

Private bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 21/32-11 21/32

Official value of the milreis 410-412 reis gold.

Nov. 29.—Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 11/16-11 25/32

Private bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 21/32-11 21/32

Official value of the milreis 410-412 reis gold.

Nov. 30.—Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 11/16-11 25/32

Private bills opening 11 21/32 closing 11 21/32-11 21/32

Official value of the milreis 410-412 reis gold.

MARKET REPORT.

Exports.

Coffee.—The detailed movement of our market during the past week was as follows:

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type No. 7 at Rio, and for Good Average at Santos, with daily reported sales at the former market

	Rio N. 7	Reported sales	Average
Nov. 25....	\$8.00—\$8.400	4,000 bags	\$8.400
" 26....	8.200—8.400	3,000 "	8.400
" 27....	8.000—8.200	5,000 "	8.400
" 28....	8.000—8.200	6,000 "	8.400
" 29....	8.200—8.400	15,000 "	8.400
" 30....	8.200—8.400	9,000 "	8.500

The shipments during the week were:

59,456 bags for the United States
42,000 " " Europe
1,037 " " Cape of Good Hope
4,902 " " River Plate, etc.
107,395 bags

The following ships sailed with coffee last week:

United States	bags
Nov. 26 New York Br. str. Mozart	21,300
30 Baltimore Amer. bk. Good News	13,000
Europe:	
Nov. 23 Hamburg etc. Germ. str. Itaka	13,746
24 Smyrna etc. It. str. Rio Anzalone	504
25 Havre Br. str. Heuley	23,566
27 London Br. str. Magdalena	200
28 Genoa etc. It. str. Centro America	3,520
30 Salonique etc. It. str. Alt. vld.	613
30 Havre Br. str. Flaxman	3,883
Chastice:	
Nov. 22 Northern ports str. Itabira	161
23 Southern ports str. Itabira	911
25 " " Prudente de Moraes	100
21 Northern ports str. Santos	737
30 Southern ports str. Itaperuna	510

The receipts during the past week amounted to 103,146 bags.

Brokers' quotations, according to New York types were the following:

	Nov. 30	Nov. 23
No. 6...	8 1/2 p.	8 1/2 p.
7...	8 1/2 p.	8 1/2 p.
8...	7 1/2 p.	7 1/2 p.
9...	6 1/2 p.	6 1/2 p.

The stock was estimated this morning at 568,781 bags according to the *Journal de Commercio*, and 5,858 bags according to one of our prominent brokers. The Santos stock is reported at 1,536,360 bags.

Daily receipts and shipments of coffee at Rio de Janeiro

Receipts	Shipments	Stock
Nov. 25	14,335	14,335
Nov. 26	17,075	17,075
Nov. 27	14,000	14,000
Nov. 28	14,000	14,000
Nov. 29	14,000	14,000
Nov. 30	14,000	14,000
Dec. 1	14,000	14,000
Dec. 2	14,000	14,000
Dec. 3	14,000	14,000
Dec. 4	14,000	14,000
Dec. 5	14,000	14,000
Dec. 6	14,000	14,000
Dec. 7	14,000	14,000
Dec. 8	14,000	14,000
Dec. 9	14,000	14,000
Dec. 10	14,000	14,000
Dec. 11	14,000	14,000
Dec. 12	14,000	14,000
Dec. 13	14,000	14,000
Dec. 14	14,000	14,000
Dec. 15	14,000	14,000
Dec. 16	14,000	14,000
Dec. 17	14,000	14,000
Dec. 18	14,000	14,000
Dec. 19	14,000	14,000
Dec. 20	14,000	14,000
Dec. 21	14,000	14,000
Dec. 22	14,000	14,000
Dec. 23	14,000	14,000
Dec. 24	14,000	14,000
Dec. 25	14,000	14,000
Dec. 26	14,000	14,000
Dec. 27	14,000	14,000
Dec. 28	14,000	14,000
Dec. 29	14,000	14,000
Dec. 30	14,000	14,000
Dec. 31	14,000	14,000

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

NOVEMBER 29

SHIP ISLAND—Nor. bk. Magellan; 188 tons; Moller; lumber to order.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

NOVEMBER 30

BALTIMORE—Amer. bk. Good News; 677 tons; Myrick; coffee.

FREIGHTS.

NEW YORK.—35 cents and 5% primage per bag of coffee.

NEW ORLEANS.—35 cents and 5% primage per bag of coffee.

ANTWERP, BREMEN, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, LIVERPOOL.—35 shillings and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

COPENHAGEN.—37 shillings, 6 d. and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

GENOA.—1—40 francs and 10% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

BORDAUX.—40 francs and 10% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

HAVRE.—30 francs and 10% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

TRIESTE.—45 shillings and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

LONDON.—30 shillings and 5% primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.

CAPE TOWN.—30 shillings and 2 1/2% primage per ton.

PORT NATAL, EAST LONDON, DELAGOA BAY, MOSSEL BAY.—37 shillings, 6 d. and 2 1/2% primage per ton.

MONTEVIDEO.—2500 per bag of 60 kilos.

B. Aires.

ENGAGEMENTS.

SOUTHAMPTON.—Br. str. Thames. 200 bags of coffee.

GENOA.—It. str. Las Palmas. 500 do do

NEW YORK.—Germ. str. Calcutta. 2,000 do do

HAMBURG.—Germ. str. Dacia. 5,000 do do

HAVRE.—Br. str. Flaxman. 2,500 do do

NEW ORLEANS.—Fr. str. Rive. 7,000 do do

MARSHALLS.—Fr. str. Rive. 1,500 do do

BORDAUX.—Fr. str. Rive. 250 do do

RIVER PLATE.—Fr. str. Atlantic. 950 do do

NEW YORK.—Br. str. Buffon. 35,000 do do

HAMBURG.—Germ. str. Protea. 8,000 do do

TRIESTE.—Aust. str. Bava. 13,000 do do

Vessel All out and Chartered for Rio

Vessel	All out	Chartered for Rio
Bryan Wood	Ship Island	—
Canadon	Savannah	—
Cambria	Mobile	—
Euclyd (str.)	Pensacola	—
Hector	St. John	—
Julia Rollins	Baltimore	—
Louis	Mobile	—
Madona de Monleone	Livorno	23 Sept.
Mary Hainbow	Savannah	—
Abdullah (str.)	Norfolk	—
Nandak	Ship Island	11 Aug.
Nandak	Boston	4 Oct.
Rosa (str.)	Ship Island	—
Skoda	Mobile	—

Arrivals of foreign steamers.

DATE	NAME	FROM	CONSIGNEE TO
Nov. 24	Daross	Phuge 46 ds.	Komhaner & Co.
24	Powerham	Baltimore 25 ds.	Order.
24	Thames	Southampton 17 ds.	C. J. Canaly
24	Mard-Lein	River Plate 4 ds.	1. Campos
25	Union	New York 25 ds.	N. Megaw & Co.
25	Paulo	Hamburg 25 ds.	E. Johnston & Co.
25	Arden	Rangoon 25 ds.	Moore & Co.
25	Flaxman	Savannah 30 ds.	N. Megaw & Co.
25	Arden	Baltimore 25 ds.	Lace Bros.
25	Arden	Genoa 27 ds.	A. Berta & Co.
Dec. 1	Petropolis	River Plate 4 ds.	E. Johnston & Co.

Departures of foreign steamers.

DATE	NAME	FROM	CARGO
Nov. 24	Hentley	Havre*	Sundries.
25	Ynativa	Baltimore	Manganese.
25	Swindon	New Orleans	Balls.
26	Hortox	Santos	In transit.
26	Mozart	New York	Sundries
27	Magdalena	Genoa*	do
27	Cerro America	River Plate	In transit.
27	Thames	Santos	In transit.
27	Conchita	Permanuco	Balls.
27	Emman	Havre	Sundries.
28	Puranaga	Baltimore	do
28	Sandra	New York	Coffee.
28	Flaxman	Havre	do
28	Ativida	Genoa*	Sundries
28	Hortox	Santos	In transit.

*Calling at intermediate ports

Foreign sailing vessels in the port of Rio de Janeiro, December, 1st, 1901.

NAME	TONS	ARRIVED	FROM	CONSIGNEES
British				
bk. Lovisa	880	Oct. 26	Portland	To order.
sp. Andrea	1635	28	Leith	Gaz C.
Danish				
bk. Verdaand	299	Nov. 24	Bahia	To order.
Norwegian				
bk. Magellan	1188	Nov. 23	S. Island	To order.
Swedish				
bk. P. With	375	Nov. 20	Hull	Braz. Coal Co.

BANCO DA REPUBLICA DO BRAZIL.

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST OCTOBER 1901

Assets:

Apolicies in guarantee of Reserve Fund (Guarantee to the Treasury for the Loan of £ 500,000-10-10.) reduced to £ 500,000.	3,394,000\$000		
Bank Securities:			
Federal, State and municipal apolicies, free and unencumbered in Brazil and in Europe.	58,368,649\$074		
Federal and municipal apolicies, given as security to the Treasury for the above loans.	26,620,682\$135		
Less: Old bonificação (rebate) in this account		85,010,331\$209	81,061,227\$895
		3,958,103\$314	
Bills discounted:			
Not matured, with 2 endorser.	2,611,205\$460		
Not matured, with 1 endorser.	1,127,318\$660	3,758,544\$220	4,588,524\$220
Bills matured, of the Treasury of the State of Bahia.		800,000\$000	
Bills deposited:			
Matured.		312,516\$474	492,516\$474
Not matured.		170,000\$000	
Bills receivable:			
For own account.			2,468,648\$700
Securities in Liquidation:			
Value of the securities.	26,990,643\$820		
Less: Credits to sundry others.	18,636\$500		
Old bonificação in this a/c., bills protested.	14,559,202\$752		12,424,441\$668
Accounts current, guaranteed:			
Debtors, with guarantee.	34,599,331\$034		
Debtors, under judicial process.	22,741,175\$959		
Debtors, in accord with Bank.	3,213,533\$045		
Debtors, in liquidation.	56,767,791\$272	11,264,958\$760	66,044,554\$053
Less: Old bonificação in this account.		45,218,408\$707	1,755,060\$016
General Accounts Current: Debtors without guarantee.			
Accounts, Current: Debtors, without guarantee.			
A. Paz de Contas:			
Buyer at auction of the Cia. Lloyd Brasileiro.		6,872,758\$670	
Accounts Current for Aid to Industries: Debts from liquidations of bonus loans.		96,538\$298	
Loans to Industries:			
Capital.	25,356,184\$450	30,180,599\$850	
Interest.	4,875,300\$000		
Agricultural Loans in Northern States:			
Balance of this a/c.	26,175\$197		
Agencies: Debit balance.	51,740\$576		
Real Estate:			
Balance of this a/c.	10,212,318\$139		
Bank Edifices: Nos. 9 and 11 Rua da Alfândega.	1,330,000\$000		
Bank Furniture.	100,000\$000		
Values deposited:			
As commercial security.	203,637,711\$605		
Belonging to sundry parties.	19,881,724\$892	223,519,436\$497	
Repaired exchange (rescued):			
Repayment of 3% (for redemption of capital) fraction of 0.30		56,600\$000	
Redemption of 3% (for redemption of capital) fraction of 0.30		794,400\$000	
Redemption of 3% (for redemption of capital) fraction of 0.30		1,887,200\$000	
Liquidations in accord with Law 689 of Sept. 20, 1900 (inscriptions deliverable).		12,515,094\$95	
Cash: in money.			468,504,845\$226

LIABILITIES

Capital.	100,000,000\$000		
Reserve Fund.	3,394,000\$000		
Profit and Loss.	35,490,086\$130		
Not emitted ex-Banco do Brasil: to pay.	59,400\$000		
Deposit for redemption of hypotecary notes ex-Banco do Brasil.	4,900\$000		
Liquidations in accord with Law 689 of Sept. 20, 1900: Balance of liquidation of inscriptions and in cash.	1,930,360\$897		
Privileged creditors:			
By judicial deposits.	1,109,680\$845		
By deposits in account current, without interest.	2,060,665\$220	3,170,345\$113	
Companhia Lloyd Brasileiro, in judicial liquidation, product of sale at auction.		8,340,000\$000	
Accounts Current on loans to industries:			
Amount to strike from debit of mutuarios.	1,107,674\$043		
General Accounts Current credit balances.	448,741\$115		
Bank Dividends unpaid.	441,370\$000		
Deposits of values, as stated in assets.	231,519,436\$497		
Federal Treasury: Special account for exchange with guarantee.	7,041,082\$710		
Profits in redemption of 3% inscriptions.	209,830,360		
Emission of 3% inscriptions: Emission to date.	121,545,000\$000		
Returned to 30th September and burned.	43,614,700\$000	78,203,300\$000	
Interest on 3% inscriptions: Balance payable.		351,474\$880	
		468,504,845\$226	

BANCO DA REPUBLICA DO BRAZIL

New Account

BALANCE SHEET OF 31ST October 1901

Assets

Accounts Current, guaranteed.	3,111,174\$453		
Bills discounted.	2,617,169\$600		
Bills receivable.	1,127,318\$660		
Securities pledged.	1,127,318\$660		
Securities deposited.	1,127,318\$660		
Agents in Brazil.	2,781,281\$124		
Agents in Europe.			
Remittances etc to London, Paris and Hamburg in the possession of our correspondents.		£ 514,570 @ 27 d	4,577,191\$300
Securities belonging to the Bank:			
British consols.		£ 1,010,350	
Prussian consols.		£ 16,495	
Sundry Accounts.			
Cash: in current money.		£ 1,026,665 @ 27 d	9,127,041\$500
			84,000\$000
			5,000,000\$000
			81,587,234\$118
Liabilities.			
Accounts current, without interest.			1,687,348\$47
idem with interest.			9,300,488\$53
idem foreign.			221,597\$807
Agents, their accounts.			458,488\$792
Judicial deposits.			281,114\$122
Bills, at interest.			450,226\$000
European Agents:			
Our drafts, 30 d/s on London, Paris and Hamburg.		£ 842,769 @ 27 d	7,331,216\$110
Deposits of securities, etc.			4,500,000\$000
Federal Treasury, in current account.			3,300,000\$000
idem money at fixed maturity.			6,231,222\$110
idem exchange a/c. £ 700,000 at 27 d.			30,710\$840
Interest on 3% inscriptions: Emission to date.			121,545,000\$000
Returned to 30th September and burned.			43,614,700\$000
Interest on 3% inscriptions: Balance payable.			351,474\$880
Profits and losses.			81,587,234\$118

Rio de Janeiro, 6th November, 1901

A. MESQUITA, Chief Accountant.

ALMEIDA MAGALHÃES,

R. DE CASTRO MAIA.

Director.

CLOS ST. CHARLES

One of the nicest dinner clarets that comes into the Rio market.

A good wine at a moderate price.

To be obtained at

CRASHLEY'S

Rua do Ouvidor N. 36

Electro-Galvano Therapia

LIST OF DISEASES CURABLE BY THE ED. B. KNEESE SYSTEM:

Aborrecimento da vida	Dor de ouvidos.	Molestias de coração.
Alienação mental	" sciatica.	" do estomago.
Anicidule.	Dyspepsia.	" dos rins.
Anemia.	Dyspnea.	" nervosas.
Asilmo.	Eutropecimento.	Neuresthenia.
Azila.	Exaquesia.	Neuriga.
Beilheri.	Epilepsia.	Orchite.
Bronchite.	Erysipela.	Palpitações.
Cambras.	Escrofula.	Paralytia.
Clorose.	Escrofulide.	Pendentes.
Colica em geral.	Excitação nervosa.	Prisão de ventre.
Consequencias do parto.	Extremidades frias.	Prostração.
Constipação.	Falta de appetite.	Prostatite.
Constipação.	" leite.	Rachitismo.
Convalescencia.	" memoria.	Rhematismo.
Convulsões.	" vista.	Solapros.
Couquetiche.	Gaguelia.	Surdz accidental.
Dança de S. Guido.	Hernia.	Suspensão de menstruo.
Debilidade.	Hysteria.	Tetania.
Delirio.	Inflamação de sangue.	Torturas.
Dennalo.	Inflamações.	Tosses.
Dor de cabeça.	Influenza.	Tremores.
" garganta.	Insomnia.	Tísica.
" na espilha.	Laryngite.	Velhice prematura.
" neuralgica.	Lymphatismo.	Vertigens.
" no coração.	Melanolia.	Vomitos.
" nos ossos.	Molestia da bexiga.	Zenda nos ouvidos.

The public in general, those who suffer, and the enlightened medical profession are invited to examine this new perfected system for the application of ELECTRICITY BY CONTINUOUS CURRENT, which its inventor will have great pleasure in explaining.

ELECTRO-GALVANIC BATTERIES

OF

Ed. B. Kneese.

Industrial Inventor,

Are always used, whether the application be in insoles or webbing, with the face stamped, in contact with the skin, and are to be used day and night until a complete cure, removing only when taking a bath.

PRICE LIST:

Electric insoles 'palmilhas' pair.	20\$000	Electric batteries for the abdomen	40\$000
Electric batteries for the head	20\$000	Electric armlets	20\$000
do do for the neck	20\$000	Electric bracelets	20\$000
do do for the breast	40\$000	Electric batteries for the thighs	20\$000
do do for the sides	40\$000	do do for the legs	20\$000

91 RUA DO OUVIDOR 91

RIO DE JANEIRO

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HAMBURG:—ALTERWALL, 76.
MANNHEIM:—D 4, NO. 5.
BASEL:—GREIFENGASSE, 2. 2 17.
ZURICH:—FRAUMUNSTERSTRASSE, 13
VIENNA:—HOHENSTAUFGASSE, 4.
PRAGUE:—MEKAZANKAGASSE, 13.
BRUNN:—FRÖHLICHGASSE, 22.
BUDAPEST:—V:—MARIA-VALENGASSE, 18.
BRASIL:—RUE ORIENTAL, 82.



Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock Companies---December 2nd, 1901.

<i>Emission</i>	<i>Circulation</i>	<i>Public Funds</i>	<i>Nominal Value</i>	<i>Last Quotation</i> <i>buyers sellers</i>
506,595,300\$	483,401,000\$	Stock 5% currency (<i>applies</i>).....	1,000\$ 800\$ 200\$	— 750 000
60,000,000	60,000,000	Bonds of 1895	1,000	— 300 000
119,600	119,600	do 1897, 5%	1,000	— 130 000
121,845,000\$	78,490,600\$	Bonds, 4%	1,000\$ 800\$ 200	— 665 000
23,000,000	7,197,500	Inscriptions 3%	1,000	— 1,310 000
24,885,000	20,549,000	Gold Loan, 1888, 6%	1,000\$ 500	—
<i>Fcs.</i> 17,500,000	<i>Fcs.</i> 17,500,000	Do do 1879, 4% 1/2	1,000\$ 500	—
		State of Pernambuco, 5%	1,000\$ 500\$ 200	—
		do do 6%	1,000	— 440 000
13,193,000	13,193,000	of Minas Geraes, 5%	1,000	—
5,000,000	4,560,200	do do 5%	<i>Fcs.</i> 200	—
<i>Fcs.</i> 85,000,000	<i>Fcs.</i> 45,522,000	do do 5%	500	—
	4,000,000	of Rio de Janeiro, 6%	500	— 350 000
5,000,000	5,000,000	do do 6% (1899)	1,000	—
500,000	500,000	do do 6%	1,000	—
10,000,000	600,000	of Parahyba, 6%	1,000	—
35,000,000	39,391,000	of Pernambuco, 5%	1,000	—
2,500,000		Municipal Loan, City of Rio de Janeiro, 6%	1000	— 141 000
222,200	504,000	do do do São Paulo, 7%	100	—
490,000	490,000	do do do Petropolis, 7%	200	—
		do do do Alem Parahyba, 7%	200	—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Banks	Paid	Reserve Fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
10,000,000\$	100,000	92,568	100\$	Commercial do Rio de Janeiro.....	100\$	2,600,000\$	4800, July 1901	85\$00
16,000,000	80,000	60,000	200	Commercial do Rio de Janeiro.....	200	3,070,000\$	4800, July 1901	100 000
10,000,000	50,000	30,000	200	do do series.....	200	—	1860, ditto 1901	41 000
8,000,000	30,000	71,833 1/3	200	Credito Mobil.....	200	354,445,000	2600, July 1896	5 000
16,000,000	80,000	all	200	Credito Real do Brazil.....	200	80,808 1/2	13 1/2, Jan. 1892	2 000
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Depositos e Descontos.....	200	—	July 1900	3 000
1,500,000	15,000	all	50	Fundacão Publica.....	50	81,373	3000, July 1901	3 000
4,000,000	20,000	all	200	Hypothecario do Brazil.....	200	294,200	4200, July 1899	30 000
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Lavoura e Commercio.....	200	34,768	3200, July 1901	65 000
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Nacional Brazil.....	200	192,000	1000, ditto 1901	20 000
10,000,000	50,000	all	200	Republica do Brazil.....	200	3,762,000	6900, ditto 1900	41 000
10,000,000	100,000	50,000	200	Rio e Matto Grosso.....	200	442,200	3300, July 1901	70 000
—	—	—	—	do do series.....	40	—	5600, ditto 1901	—
—	—	—	—	Rural e Hypothecario.....	200	4,014,076	9200, July 1900	49000
—	100,000	all	200	do do 2nd series.....	100	—	8800, ditto 1900	15000
10,000,000	50,000	all	200	Com. e Industria de S. Paulo.....	100	6,000,000	12500, Jan. 1901	—
7,000,000	35,000	all	200	Credito Real de Minas Geraes.....	200	351,242	10 1/2, ditto 1901	—
—	—	—	—	do do 2nd series.....	140	—	12 1/2, ditto 1901	—
10,000,000	50,000	25,000	200	Credito Real de S. Paulo.....	200	1,209,504	3 1/2, ditto 1901	—
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Mercantil de Santos.....	200	800,500	8800, ditto 1900	—
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	União de S. Carlos.....	200	490,000	2800, Jan. 1901	—
—	—	—	—	do do series.....	100	—	192800, ditto 1901	—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Railways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
£ 5,500,000	550,000	all	£ 10	Leopoldina	£ 10	—	15 July 1901	854.00
5,500,000	550,000	all	1000	Minas de Jeronymo	1000	61,477 1/2	15 Mar. 1901	11.00
15,000,000	60,000	all	200	Macacé e Campos	200	—	—	—
20,000,000	100,000	all	200	Muzambulo	100	72,000	—	—
—	—	—	—	do do series	100	—	—	—
62,000,000	310,000	33,535	200	Oeste de Minas	200	2,901,489	—	—
—	266,475	10,000	do	do	75	—	—	2.00
—	100,000	100	do	do	50	—	—	—
—	100,000	all	do	Quilombo	100	—	int. Jan. '92	300
70,000,000	350,000	all	200	União Sorocabana-Itauna	200	1,480,650	6 th June, '92	12.50
—	—	—	—	do	40	—	—	7.000
1,600,000	8,000	5,400	200	União Valenciana	200	60,435	62500, Feb. '86	—
20,000,000	100,000	all	200	Saputuby	200	—	—	7.000
12,500,000	62,500	all	200	Tocantins e Araguaya	200	—	—	—
—	—	—	do	do	55	—	—	—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Tramways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
2,500,000\$	25,000	all	100\$	Caracas.....	100\$	—	—	2450
6,000,000	30,000	all	200	Carris Urbanas.....	200	—	—	—
700,000	7,000	all	200	Cordoba (and Hotel).....	200	18300, July '91	2 000	—
17,000,000	170,000	all	200	Jardin Botánico.....	200	3 000, Aug. 1901	125 000	—
12,000,000	60,000	59,300	200	S. Christóvão.....	200	5 000, Jan. '99	85 000	—
1,000,000	15,000	all	200	Villa Isabel.....	200	10 000, Feb. 1901	—	—
300,000	3,000	all	100	Yerbanía (bucca).....	100	25 500, Sept. 1900	—	—

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Steamships	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
400,000\$	2,000	all	200\$	Empresa Rio de Janeiro	200\$	3,448\$		
3,000,000	10,000	all	30	Empresa de Sul e Navegação	30	231,574	\$8000, Aug. 1900	17,000
3,000,000	10,000	all	30	Empresa Viagem do Brasil	100			
4,000,000	5,000	all	200\$	Esperança Marítima	200\$	350,000	\$9000, Aug. 1900	
2,000,000	100	100	200	Lloyd Brasileiro	200			\$500
1,000,000	25,000	all	200	Navegação Costeira	200			
575,400	5,367			R. João da Silva e Campos	200	59,597	12,300, Feb. 1901	
5,000,000	1,000	2,750	200	Sul Paulista	80			

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Paid	Cotton Mills, etc.	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
10,000,000\$	50,000\$	all	200\$	Alianza	200\$	1,369,912\$	— July 1901	— 20\$
2,000,000	10,000	all	200	America Fabril	200	410,540	7 000— Aug. '90	
2,000,000	12,500	all	200	Botolago (anilagen)	200	408,845	4 000— Feb. 1900	
6,000,000	30,000	all	200	Brasil Industrial	200	180,000	10 000— Apr. 1901	— 110 000
3,600,000	18,000	all	200	Caracca	200	770,950	10 000— Jan. 1901	
9,000,000	30,000\$	all	200	Confangui Industrial	200	337,422	10 000— July 1901	— 145 000
1,500,000	22,500	all	200	Corcovado	200	230,700	10 000— Aug. 1901	— 125 000
2,000,000	2,500	all	200	D. Isabel	200	205,805	50 000— Jan. 1900	
1,000,000	10,000	all	200	Fabril Paulistana	200	160,000	12 000— July '95	
1,200,000	6,000	all	200	Industrial Mineira	200	100,000	12 000— Feb. 1901	
1,500,000	5,000	all	200	Magnética	200	30,442	10 000— July 1901	— 110 000
1,500,000	7,500	all	200	Manoelra Fluminense	200	174,853	8 000— Aug. 1901	
4,000,000	20,000	all	200	Petropolisana	200	84,752	10 000— Jan. 1901	— 125 000
8,000,000	30,000	all	200	Progresso Industrial	200	881,000	10 000— July 1901	— 140 000
1,200,000	6,000	all	200	Shak Woollen	200		10 000— July 1901	
150,000	4,500	all	100	S. Felix	100	87,340	1 000— Aug. 1901	
300,000	1,500	all	200	Santa Luzia	200	40,000	— ditto 1901	
2,400,000	12,000	all	200	S. Yago	200		— May 1901	— 50 000
2,000,000	10,000	all	200	S. Pedro de Alcantara	200	70,895		
3,500,000	17,500	all	200	União Fabril	200	1,289,753	21 000— Aug. 1900	

Capital	Shares	Emitted	Paid	Insurance	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation.
3,000,000\$	15,000	all	200\$	Alianza.....	26\$	-----	1\$000, July 97	— \$700
3,000,000	3,000	all	1,500	Argos Fluminense.....	250	400,000\$	23 000, Jan. 98	— 331 000
2,000,000	10,000	5,683	200	Bonanza.....	30	1 500,	Jan. 99	— 3 000
4,000,000	20,000	10,000	200	Confianza.....	10	200,000	3 000, July 1901	— 12 000
2,500,000	12,500	all	100	Garanti.....	100	400,200	1 500, ditto 1901	— 10 000
2,000,000	10,000	all	200	Gerai.....	20	400,000	1 500, ditto 1901	— 15 000
1,000,000	10,000	all	100	Indemnsalora.....	20	100,000	1 500, ditto 1901	— 15 000
2,500,000	5,300	all	100	Providence.....	100	500,000	8 000, ditto 1901	— 130 000
2,000,000	10,000	all	400	Prosperidade.....	20	157,753	1 500, ditto 1901	— 17 000

	Shares	Emitted	Par	Miscellaneous	Aud	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation	
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Cruzeiro (match factory).....	200	—	Mar. '95	—	
60,000,000	25,000	all	200	Duque de Santos.....	200	—	July 1901	—	
5,000,000	25,000	all	200	Empireira Industrial Brasileira.....	200	2,737.79	Oct. 1899	207.500	
3,000,000	15,000	all	200	Edicacadora.....	200	14,475	10/10/91	Aug. '91	
33,500,000	233,000	233,000	200	Melhoramentos do Brazil.....	100	6,500.14	Feb. '92	10 000	
2,000,000	10,000	all	200	Gazeta de Noticias (newspaper).....	200	51,006	Feb. 1903	—	
5,000,000	2,500	all	200	O Paiz (newspaper).....	200	10,500	Feb. '92	—	
1,741,340	34,284	all	50	Loterias Nacionais do Brazil.....	50	3,165,037	July 1901	—	
3,500,000	15,000	all	200	Mattie Larangeira (Paraguay ten).....	200	300,000	July 1901	—	
9,314,800	92,128	33,128	100	Saneamento do R.de J. (building society)	100	594,938	2 700	Feb. '92	5 500
20,000,000	10,715	all	100	Transporte e Carregagens.....	100	424,037	5 000	Feb. 1901	66 000
7,500,000	1,500	all	200	Typographia do Brazil.....	200	88,170	Aug. 1901	—	
50,000	—	2 0	200	Uniao (water for ships).....	200	29,290	Aug. 1901	—	

THE BRITISH BANK OF SOUTH AMERICA,
LIMITED.

Capital	50,000 shares at £ 20	£ 1,000,000
do	paid up.....	500,000
Reserve Fund.....		340,000
BALANCE SHEET, 31ST OCTOBER, 1901.		

Assets:

Capital, uncalled.....	4,444,444.34
Bills discounted.....	1,419,302.80
Loans, guaranteed accounts, etc.....	1,357,173.82
Bills receivable.....	2,479,199.25
Head office and branches.....	7,072,851.93
Securities for loans, accounts current, etc.....	6,783,683.97
Sundry accounts.....	1,532,765.55
Cash.....	5,392,334.67

Liabilities.

Capital.....	8,988,888
Deposits in account current, without interest.....	3,658,337
do in account current, with notice.....	1,104,118
do fixed annuity and by bills....	1,315,117
Head office and branches.....	5,085,685
Securities pledged and on deposit.....	54,204,536
Bills deposited.....	1,203,590
do payable.....	120,894
Sundry accounts.....	3,575,681
	40,631,735

H. & O. E.

Rio de Janeiro, 7th November, 1901.

For the British Bank of South America, Limited,

J. H. Applein, Actg. Manager.

Harold Evans, Accountant.

BANQUE FRANÇAISE DU BRÉSIL

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST OCTOBER 1991

Assets :

shareholders, unrealised capital	5,000,000,000
branches and agencies	5,377,438,567
bills discount	95,99,380
bills receivable	1,024,556,943
Guaranteed accounts current	215,95,000
securities deposited	2,474,993,900
Securities pledged	3,547,494,530
Sundry accounts	4,97,090,210
Cash, in current funds	2,098,111,567
	28,186,025,897

Liabilities:

Capital,	10,000,000 \$900
Accounts current, with and without interest	130,709 429
Accounts current with fixed maturity...	181,183 190
Branches and agencies	6,170,009 090
Bills payable	253,150 310
Securities pledged and on deposit.....	6,079,875 920
Smolby accounts,	1,978,088 690
	28,186,225 037

E. & O. 14.

Rio de Janeiro, 6th November 1901.

For the Banque Française du Brésil,

C. Demuyl, Director

I. Desset et al. / Accounting, 2007

LONDON AND BRISBANE BANK, LIMITED

Capital	£ 1,500,000
do paid up	750,000
Reserve Fund.	600,000

BALANCE SHEET, 31st OCTOBER, 1901

Assets:

Capital, uncalled,	6,600,000.00
Bills discounted	2,433,393.00
Bills receivable	5,366,703.00
Head office and branches	10,295,542.20
Loans, current accounts, etc.,	4,134,874.15
Securities for accounts current, etc.,	5,337,439.85
Sundry accounts	1,321,636.62
Cash	17,877,651.10

Liabilities:

Capital subscribed	13,333.33 2/3
Deposits in account current, without interest	17,888.50 9/16
do in account current, with interest	1,015.83 4/5
do fixed maturity.....	1,450.30 5/16
Head office and branches.....	5,107.56 1/4
Securities for accounts current, etc.....	3,337.29 8/5
Sundry accounts.....	7,106.50 1/16
Bills payable.....	83.794 5/8

E. S. O. K.

Rio de Janeiro, 5th November, 1901.

For the London and Brazilian Bank, Limited.

E. Broad, Manager.

A. G. C. Blate, Accountant

BRASILIANISCHE BANK FÜR DEUTSCHLAND.

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST OCTOBER, 1901.

Assets:

Guaranteed accounts.....	4,931,461.424
Head office, branches and agencies.....	11,509,450.701
Bills receivable.....	4,457,107.341
do discounted.....	4,457,722.739
do pledged.....	1,338,714.690
Securities pledged.....	18,694,000.000
do deposited.....	18,382,799.409
Cash, in current funds.....	9,017,382.569

56,719,856.476

Liabilities:

Capital subscribed (1 mark = 1000).....	10,000,000.000
Deposits in account current.....	5,220,365.321
With interest.....	2,657,016.939
Without interest.....	757,214.569
Head office, branches and correspondents.....	4,468,701.515
Deposits with fixed maturity.....	20,387,500.000
Securities pledged and on deposit.....	2,102,772.762
Sundry accounts.....	56,719,856.476

R. & O. F.

Directors:—Theil—Gutschow.

WANTED

A first class firm in Rio de Janeiro to introduce our "Globe" brand of high class horse-shoe Nails of best Swedish charcoal iron a commission stock can be sent if required. Apply with British references to the United Horse Shoe and Nail Co. Ltd. Cubitt Town, London, England.

PENNY-IN-THE-SLOT & HALFPENNY-IN-THE-SLOT MACHINES

GREATEST MONEY-TAKERS, and Excel All Others. The "Alexandra" (Queen of Antomiles), very latest. Also the Empire, Coronet, Army and Navy Hall Machines. The Royal Britannia, and Jewel Coin Machines. "The Games of the Day." Lists Free. Agents Wanted to Place and Sell.

THE INTERNATIONAL AUTOMATIC CO. LTD.
9, BRIDGE-ST. WESTMINSTER, LONDON, ENGLAND

FOR SEA SICKNESS

and all diseases of the stomach and bowels liable to attack travellers by land or sea the most efficacious discovered to the present is the TINCTURE OF NECTANDRA AMARA of Antero Leivas, sold at all drug-stores and at the manufacturer's warehouse, Rua Larga de S. Joaquim No. 213 A.

THE LONDON CITY AND MIDLAND BANK, Limited.

5, Threadneedle Street London, England.

ESTABLISHED 1856

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....	£2,635,725
RESERVE FUND.....	£2,635,725

S. Paulo

"CASA AMERICANA"

IS THE PLACE TO BUY.

School Furniture and supplies.

American Cook Stoves for coal and wood.

Oil Stoves, for cooking and heating.

American and English Novels.

Fine Writing Paper and Envelopes.

Cuticura Soap, Heinz' Pickles.

Libby's Canned Meats.

Park Davis' medicines.

Cameras (Premot), Church Organs.

Dixon's Plumbago for foundries.

Parker's Fountain Pens

Stafford's tux, and

American notions.

A. R. DUNLOP & Co.

41 A, RUA DIREITA, 41 A

SÃO PAULO.

BARRA ROSA & Co.

ESTABLISHED SINCE 1888

BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SÃO PAULO, BRAZIL. P. O. Box 537.

Correspondence solicited for Agencies of American and English Firms.

LION & Co.

SANTOS 41- SAO PAULO

IMPORTERS OF

Bar Iron, Iron Sheets,
Wrought Iron Tubes,
Portland Cement,
Lubricating Oils,
Plows and Agricultural
Implements
Sanitary goods.

Sole agents for the State of São Paulo

"COLUMBIA" Bicycles

Pope Manufacturing Co., Hartford, U.S.A

Representatives for the States
of São Paulo, Minas & Rio de Janeiro
"POTASSIUM SYNDICATE"
Stassfurt, Prussia.

LION & Co.

ABSOLUTELY FLAWLESS

A few words on the superiority of,

TROPICAL

DUNLOP TYRES

"I send you by parcels post a Dunlop Tyre which has had a record experience, having been in daily use on the back wheel of my bicycle since 1896, and done fully 15,000 "tropical" miles. The front tyre like Charley's Aunt, is still running and absolutely flawless, although fitted at the same time as the one now sent to you. I think fact speaks volumes for the durability of your tyres."

MR. F. M. STAPLES.

Colombo, Ceylon.

In order to prevent fraud purchasers of these famous tyres should make a point of observing that the Company's trade mark is embossed on the outer cover and inner tube.

Correspondence invited with,



THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRES CO LTD.

Alme Street, Coventry, England.

DINNEFORDS

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Biliary Affections.



MAGNESIA

Sold Throughout the World.

N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel; the safest and most gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

GERMOL

A MOST RELIABLE DISINFECTANT AND DEODORISER

Having an agreeable and refreshing aroma

Ensures protection against

Cholera—Bubonic Plague—Small-pox—Skin Diseases—And every Kind of Infectious Fever.

Does not stain—Does not irritate the skin.

CAPITAL FOR THE BATH also for adding to water used for WASHING CLOTHES.

Sole Importers:

VICTOR USLAENDER & Co.

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For sale at—CRASHLEY & Co.—

C. N. LEFEBVRE—and principal Druggists.

BUILT UP ON NATURE'S PLAN.

MELLIN'S FOOD

RESEMBLES MOTHER'S MILK IN COMPOSITION AND PROPERTIES. IT MAY BE GIVEN FROM BIRTH.

MELLIN'S FOOD is of the highest value for the weak and sickly babe, as well as for the strong and vigorous.

MELLIN'S FOOD is adapted for use in all climates, and for infants of all races, and may be obtained of all Dealers throughout the World.

MELLIN'S FOOD WORKS. PECKHAM, LONDON, ENG.

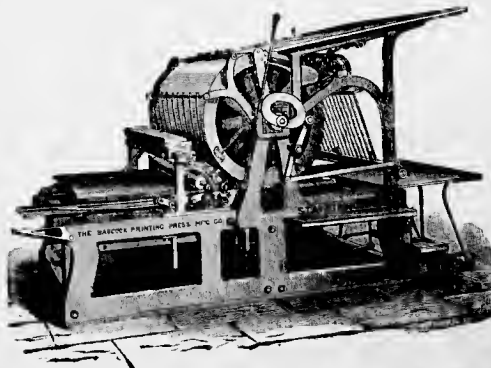
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Is obtainable through ALL STORES AND CHEMISTS.

THE BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT PRESSES

are those manufactured by the

Babcock Printing Press Manufacturing Co.



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THOMAS NORTON & Co.
Ship Brokers and Commission Merchants.
Old regular Line Sailing Packets to
RIO DE JANEIRO & SANTOS.
68, Broad Street.
NEW YORK

Steamships.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
BREMEN.
Capital. . . 80,000,000 Marks.

NEXT DEPARTURES

Date	Steamer	Destination
1901		
Dec. 6	Coblenz	Bahia, Lisbon, Antwerp, and Bremen.

Passengers and cargo accepted.

Passage Rates: 1st cl. 3rd cl.
Rio Rotterdam Antwerp, Bremen 200 Marks 2 2-
Lisbon 320 " Rs. 145.000
Further information apply to
HERM. STOLTZ & Co., Agents,
Rua da Alameda, No. 63 Rio de Janeiro

ROYAL MAIL
STEAM PACKET COMPANY.

Under contracts with the British and Brazilian Governments for carrying the mails.

TABLE OF DEPARTURES.

Date	Steamer	Destination
1901		
Dec. 10	Nile	Montevideo and Buenos Aires.
Dec. 11	Thames	Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton.

For freight, passages and other information apply at No. 2, Rua General Camara, 1st floor.

C. J. Casaly,
Superintendent.

LIVERPOOL BRAZIL AND
RIVER PLATE STEAMERS
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

PASSENGER SERVICE FOR NEW YORK

'Colbridge'..... 17th Jan.
The steamer

"Wordsworth"

(Illuminated with electric light)

sails on the 17th inst. for

New York

Taking 1st and 3rd class passengers for above ports and Barbados.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Direct 3rd class passages to all cities of the United States and Canada.

The voyage is much quicker than by way of England and without the inconvenience of transfer.

Weekly cargo steamers for NEW YORK.

For freight apply to the Broker

Wm. R. McNiven,

60, Rua 1.º de Março.

For passages and further information apply to the Agents: **NORTON, MEGAW & Co. Ltd.**

58, Rua 1.º de Março

PACIFIC STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

DEPARTURES for LIVERPOOL.

Orellana..... Dec 18th.
Lake Megantic..... 31st.
These popular steamers are fitted with the electric light and all modern conveniences. Cuisine of highest order.

For freights apply to F. D. Machado,

No. 26, Rua S. Pedro.

and for passages and other information to

Wilson Sons & Co., Ltd., Agents,

No. 2, Rua São Pedro.



MAGALHAES & Co.

CAPITAL Rs. 200,000\$000,

Stevedores, established for many years in the city of Rio de Janeiro, with offices at

No. 82 RUA DA SAUDE,

undertake the loading and discharge of steamers and sailing vessels, having at their disposal lighters suitable for the transportation of cargoes, boats, steam launches and skilled employes.

TELEPHONE No. 513.

Hotels.

Hotel dos Estrangeiros

PRAÇA JOSE D'ALENCAR No. 1

(Cottete)

Telephone No. 498

This hotel, which has been completely restored, is situated in the best part of the city, receiving air and light from all four sides, close to the cleanest beach of the city, surrounded by a large garden; has large, comfortable rooms newly and well furnished, good shower and warm baths, disinfectants in the water-closets, drinking water filtered by the Pasteur system, good table service, and is, therefore, to be considered the first hotel of this capital.

Possesses also a sumptuous saloon and splendid table service for banquets.

Its restaurant and service cannot be excelled.

FREITAS HOTEL

120, Rua do Riachuelo

Mr. J. F. FREITAS, proprietor of the old and well known Freitas Hotel, desires to advise his friends and former customers that he has reopened that hotel at No. 120 RUA DO RIACHUELO in a large and most attractive edifice acquired for this special purpose.

The new establishment is situated in one of the most attractive and healthy localities in the city, on a broad and quiet street, with transoms for all central points of the city passing the door. It has a large and beautiful indoor pleasure garden, particularly suitable for ladies and children, and well-appointed bath-rooms provided with hot and cold water.

The hotel is specially adapted for families, for whose comfort and convenience nothing will be found lacking. It contains a large drawing-room, and its dining-room opens on verandahs overlooking the garden.

Special attention will be given to orders by mail and telegraph.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

Purchasers are requested to see that every bottle bears, upon its RED LABEL, the signature in WHITE of Lea & Perrins. None is the original and genuine Worcestershire without this. Persons infringing this label will be prosecuted.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

The Only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries

REGISTERED

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TRADE MARK.

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HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

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Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

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Its energizing effects are shown from the first day of its administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve and Vital Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY

DRINK

Sanderson's Whisky

NOTHING MORE!!

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Weekly Passenger service between *Rio de Janeiro* and *Porto Alegre*, calling at *Paranaguá*, *Desterro*, *Rio Grande* and *Pelotas*.
Sailings every Saturday at 4 p. m. invariably.

The Steamer

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will sail for

PARANAGUA,
DESTERRO, *RIO GRANDE*, *PELOTAS*
and *PORTO ALEGRE*.

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Freight and parcels received through the *Trapiche SILVIO*.

Valuables at the office, on the day of sailing, till 2 p. m.

Freight and parcels will be received only on board or at the *Trapiche* until the day before sailing of the steamer.

For passages and information apply to the office of

LAGE IRMÃOS,
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LUBRICATING OILS

for Cylinders, Valves, Locomotives, Looms, Spindles, Coffee and Sugar machinery, Dynamos, and all classes of Machinery.

Every Tin and case, in addition to the registered trade mark Valvoline, bears the name of the makers.

LEONARD & ELLIS, New York.

Sole Agents for Brazil:

KING, FERREIRA & Co.

11, RUA 1.º DE MARÇO, Rio de Janeiro.

11, RUA DA QUITANDA, São Paulo.

THE RIO NEWS

This paper is now in its 26th year having originally been published as *The South American Mail and The British and American Mail*. It assumed its present title at the beginning of April, 1879, when it was published three times a month. From a tri-monthly it has been changed to a weekly publication, and from four pages it has been increased to twelve.

As an advertising medium *The News* occupies an exceptionally advantageous position. It circulates widely throughout Brazil, and also in Europe and the United States. Its subscribers are principally business men interested in Brazilian trade, industries and investments. No other periodical, even with much larger circulation, can offer better inducements to advertisers who seek the attention of these classes.

All communications should be addressed to the Editor and Publisher, Caixa de Correio, 258, Rio de Janeiro.